

Mobile Broadcasting - Trends and Challenges

Prof. Dr. Claus Sattler
Executive Director

Mobile TV - Quo Vadis?
VTE/ITG 5.2.4

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About bmcoforum

"Broadcast Mobile Convergence Forum" is an **international non-profit industrial association** to accompany and support the development of an open market for mobile broadcast services

1. Regulation and spectrum lobbying
2. DVB-H terminal interoperability
3. Bearer technologies
4. Broadcast network structure and coverage expectations
5. Generic business models
6. National trials
7. Content formats and services
8. Outlook 2010

Work items 2007

106 mobile broadcast focussed industry companies and consortia from all parts of the value chain!

Merged with IPDC Forum

Co-founder and secretariat member of EMBC

bmcforum members: 106 (September 2007)



bmcoforum Studies

Public available from **bmcoforum** website:

- Mobile Broadcast Business Models - A State-of-the-Art Study (11/2006)

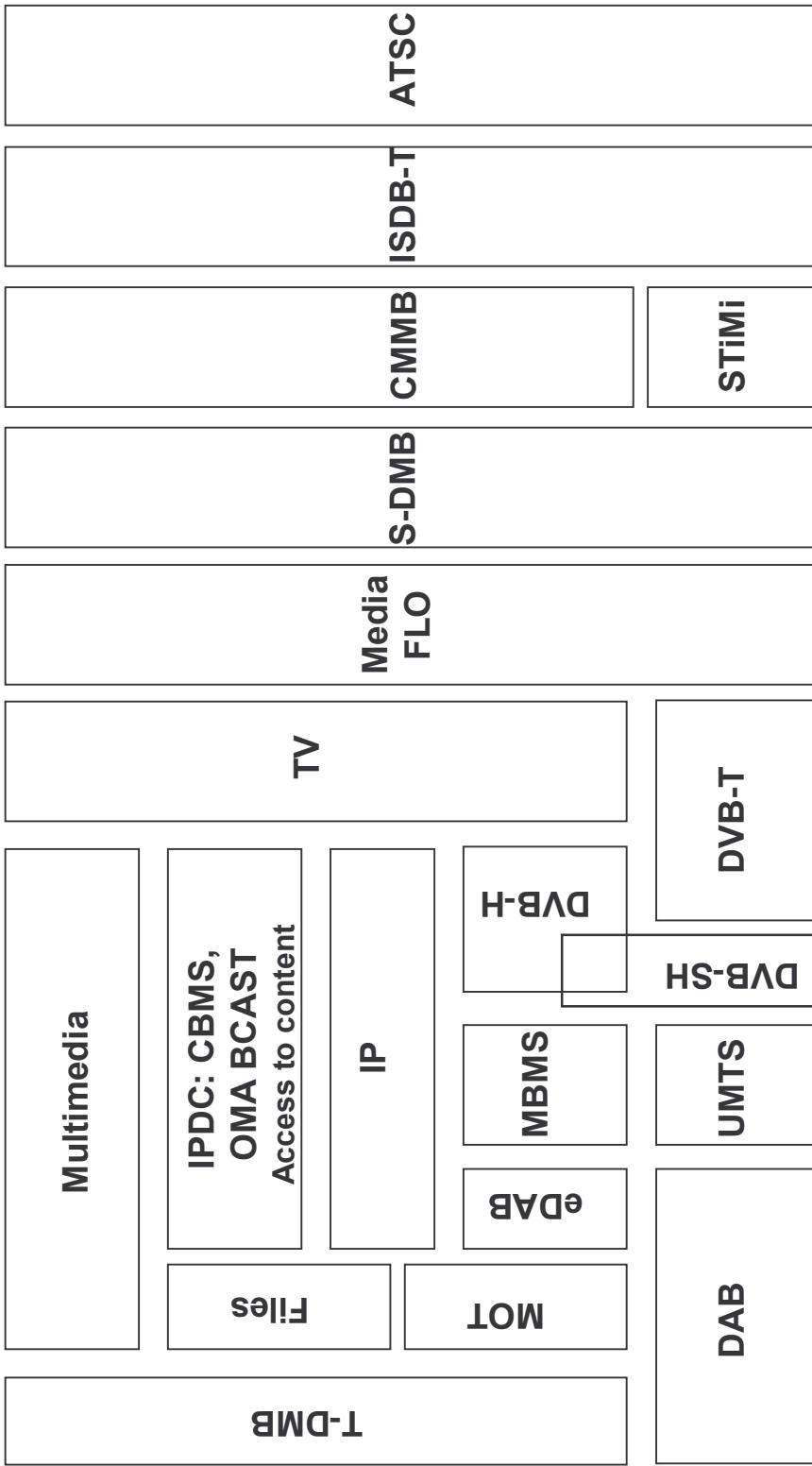
- Mobile Broadcast Technologies - Link Budgets (01/2007)

- Mobile Broadcast Bearer Technologies - A Comparison (01/2007)

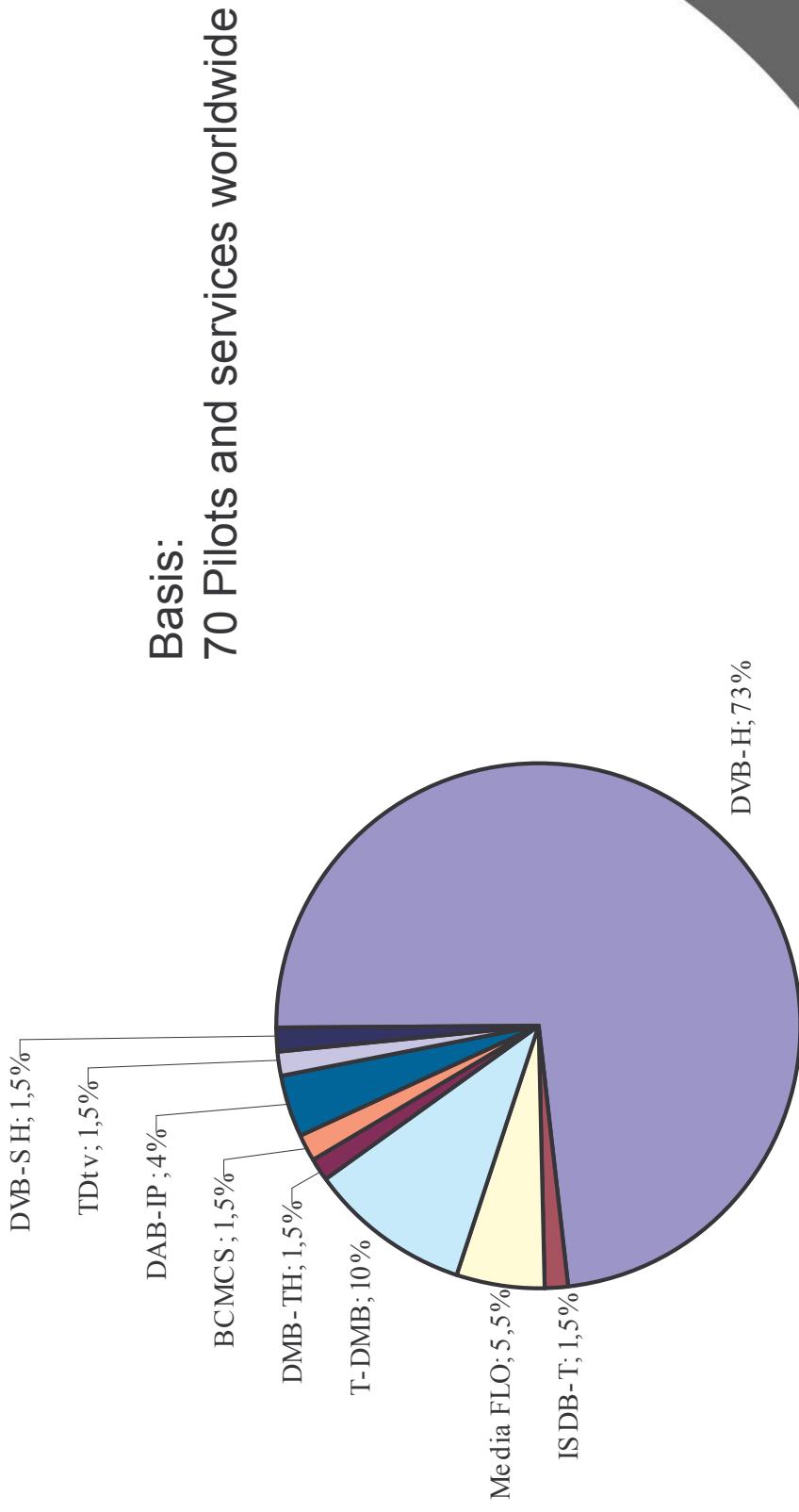
To be ordered:

- Results of Mobile TV Pilots - A Survey (11/2006)
- Spectrum for Mobile Broadcasting in Europe (11/2006)

Overview Mobile Broadcast Technologies



The Market Development Worldwide



Share of Mobile TV Deployment Activity

Source: ARCCCHART 2007

IMS Research Forecast on Regional Technology Split

Forecast for 2011:

- Americas region: 60% of worldwide FLO subscribers
- Europe: 61% of worldwide DVB-H / DVB-SH subscribers
- Korea and Japan: T-DMB and ISDB-T, will also expected to become increasingly region-specific between 2007 and 2011

Reasons:

- Spectrum availability,
- Existing cellular and DTTT infrastructure,
- Market needs
- National political and economic interests.

| Forecast Juniper Research 2012

- 4.7 billion € consumer spending on mobile broadcast
- TV
- 120 Mio. consumers in 40+ countries
- DVB-H the dominant transmission standard

■ Convergence/compatibility aspects (1)

- Different bearer & service technologies under evaluation
- Each technologies has its pros and cons
- Variety of business models, networks coverage constraints, cost and licensing conditions and even the availability of frequencies in other bands may make suitable one or another combination of technologies
- DVB-H is the most piloted bearer technology today
- DVB-H, DVB-IPDC and OMA BCAST seem to be the most accepted technologies today

Convergence/compatibility aspects (2)

- Other technologies such as T-DMB/DAB-IP, FLO, DVBT-
SH, CMMB STiMi, 3G MBMS has its supporters
- Therefore harmonisation is necessary for “seamless”
 - European-wide and global services
 - Key components include
 - Receiver Frequencies
 - Bearer combinations
 - Multiple Service Specifications and Implementations
 - Electronic Service Guide
 - Service Purchase and Protection

Convergence/compatibility aspects (4)

- *Bearer Combinations (examples only):*
 - Integrated HF-receivers (DAB and DVB-T) on the roadmap

Announcements during 3GSM (examples):

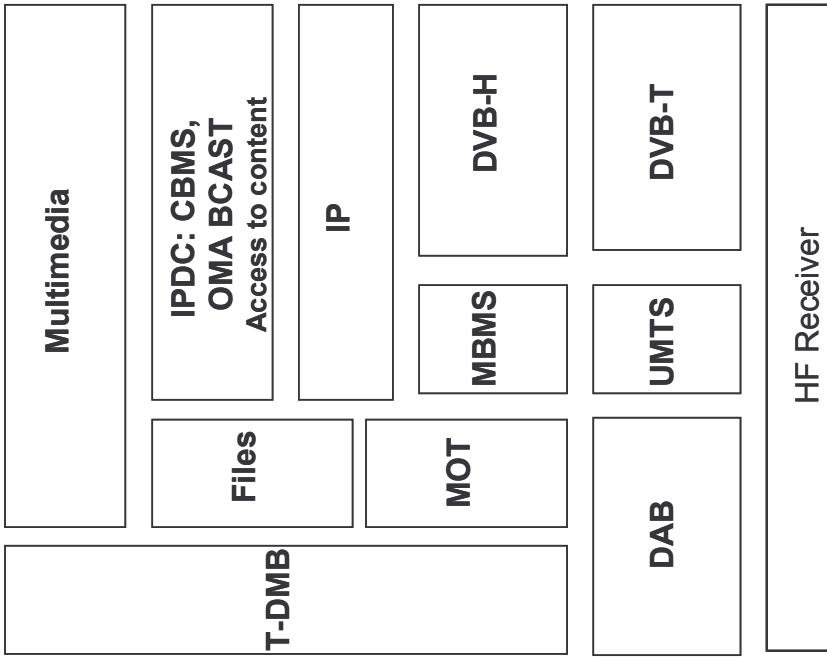
- DiBcom: DIB1908x-H, a multi-mode, multi-band receiver demodulating DVB-T, DVB-H, T-DMB, DAB, DAB-IP and Enhanced-mode-DAB signals in VHF, UHF and L-band frequency bands.
- NXP: extension of its reception modules family for UHF and L-Band to the S-Band - delivery of broadcast mobile TV in the S-band (2.2GHz) based on DVB-SH. First release of the S-Band-compatible RF chipset is scheduled before June 2007.
- Qualcomm: Chipset supporting MediaFLO, DVB-H and ISDB-T

Convergence/compatibility aspects (5)

Service Specifications Directions:

Option A:

- Parallel development of DMB and DVB-H/IPDC
- Different services over DMB and DVB-H/IPDC
- Dual-mode handhelds
- Announcement of BT Movio on dual DAB-IP and DVB-H receivers (invalid now)



Convergence/compatibility aspects (6)

Service Specifications Directions:

Option B:

- IP Layer adaptation e.g.
adapt DAB to IP Layer
- DAB and DVB-H will be used
as bearers
- DAB for band III and L-band
- DVB-H for band IV/I and L-
band
- Liaison between WorldDMB -
TFC and DVB-IPDC

Multimedia

**IPDC: CBMS,
OMA BCAST**
Access to content

IP

DVB-H

eDAB

MBMS

DVB-T

DAB

UMTS

HF Receiver

bmcforum profiling IPDC and OMA BCAST

Objective:

- Promote and develop an open market for mobile broadcast services
- Accelerate the launch of commercial services

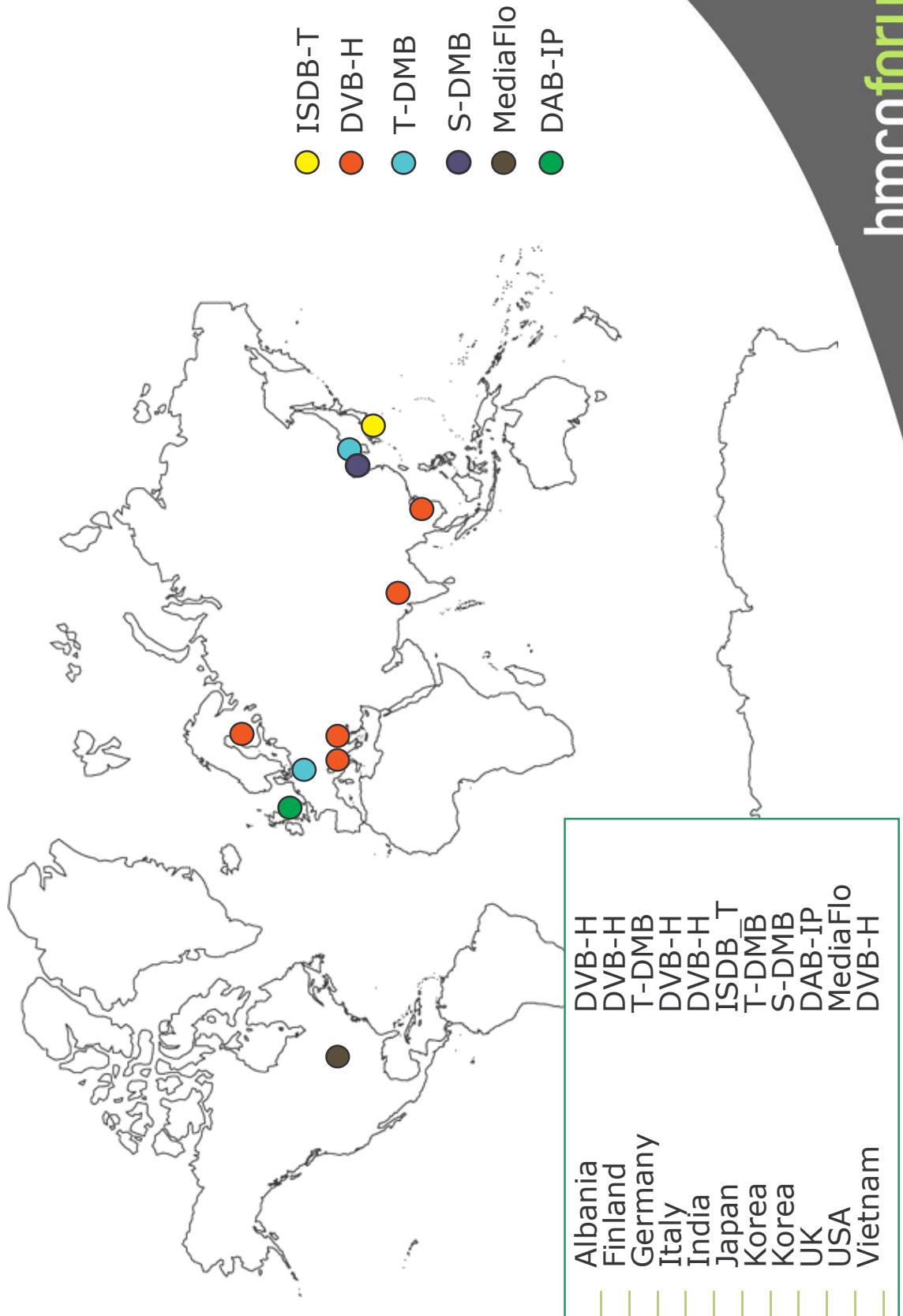
DVB-IPDC profiles

- Interoperability demonstrations at IBC 2006 (Amsterdam) and 3GSM World 2007 (Barcelona)

OMA BCAST profiles

- Based on commercial requirement
- Features essential for providers to launch or to further develop mobile TV services
- Recent work focuses on commercial deployments mid 2008
- Special focus on OMA BCAST Smartcard profile (required by most of the European MNOs)

Commercial Mobile Broadcast Services

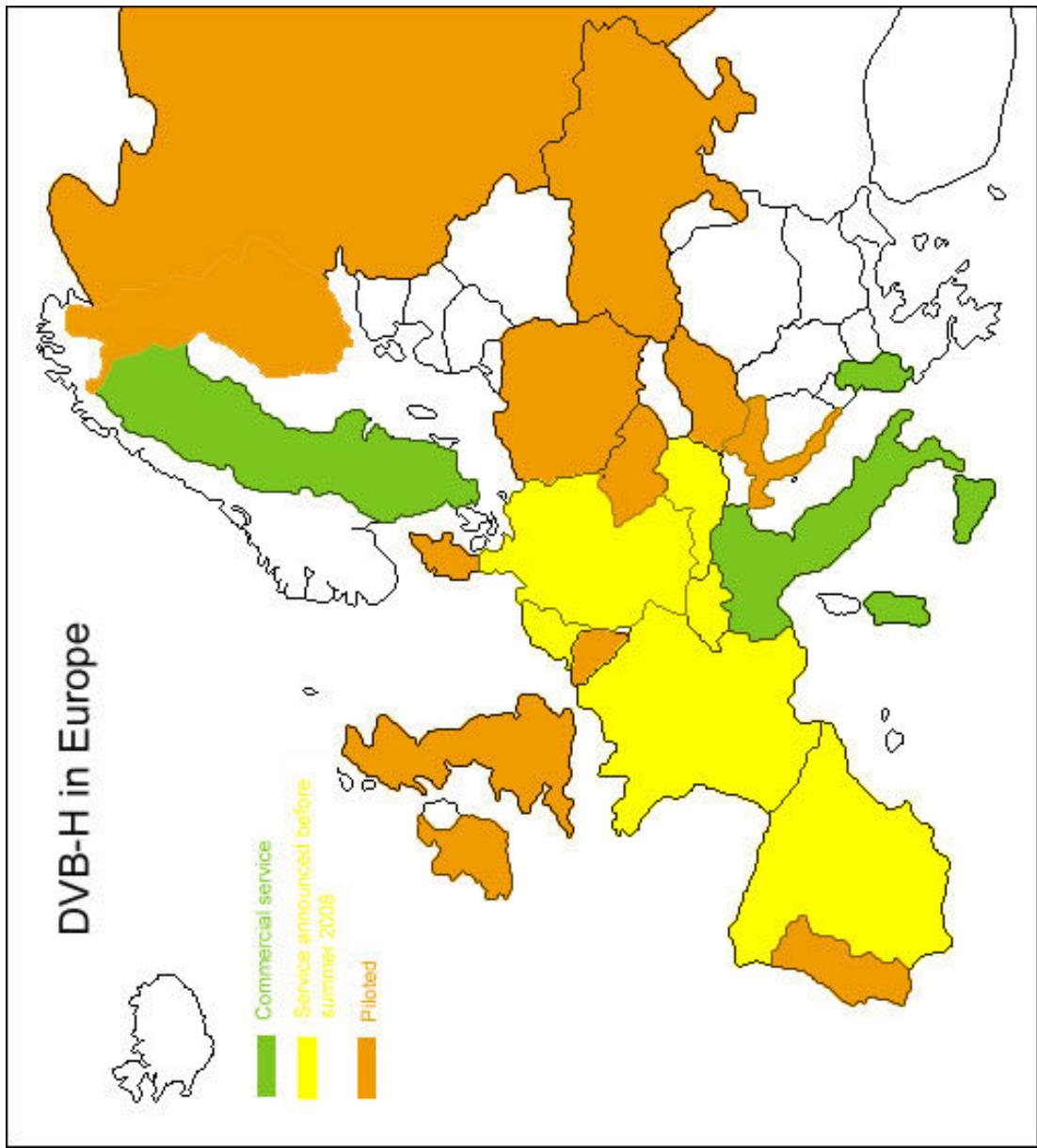


Commercial Services

Technology	Country	Start	No of users
S-DMB	Korea	05/2006	1.130.000 ¹⁾ 05/2007
T-DMB	Korea	12/2005	5.327.000 ²⁾ 05/2007
	Germany	06/2006	? 10.000 xx/2007
DVB-H	Italy- 3 Italy - TIM - Vodafone Finland Vietnam India	05/2006 06/2006 02/2007 05/2007 Announced 05/2007	530.000 05/2007
DAB-IP ⁴⁾	UK	10/2006	? 7.000
ISDB-T	Japan		7.370.000 ³⁾ 04/2007
MediaFL	USA		

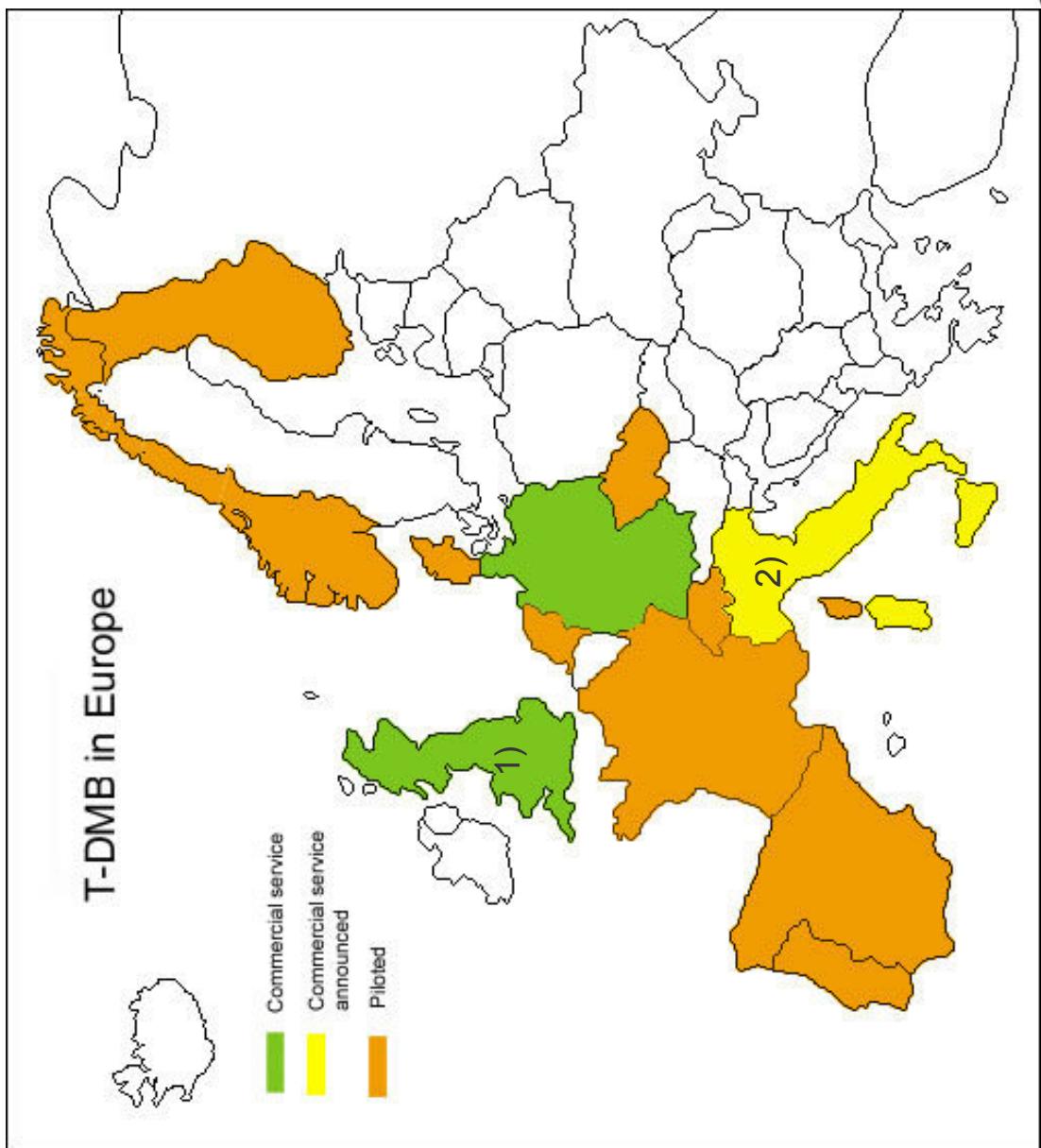
- 1) 1,085 Mio. (= 96%) mobile phones
- 2) 40% phones, 40% car devices, 20% PC, PDA, etc.
- 3) 2,4 Mio increase from March to April 07
- 4) Service to be closed in January 2008

Pilots & Commercial DVB-H Networks in Europe



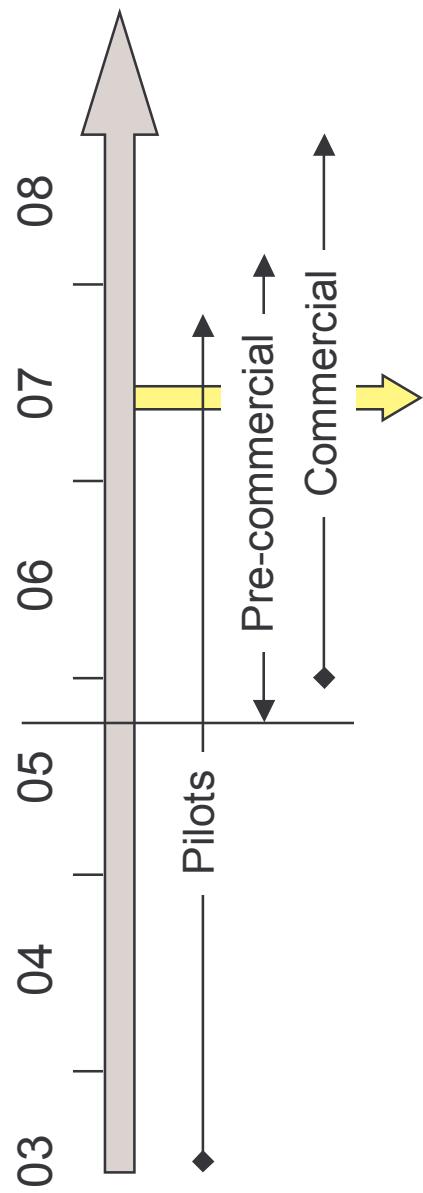
Pilots & Commercial T-DMB Networks in Europe

- 1) DAB-IP service to be closed in Jan 2008
RAI
- 2)



Commercialisation lag

There is a commercialisation lag in most of the countries after having lots of pilots worldwide



■ Mobile TV Policy of the European Commission

- EC communication on "Strengthening the Internal Market for Mobile TV" (July 18th, 2007)
- 3 key success factors
 - 1. Standards/Interoperability
 - Promote consensus around a common standard
 - DVB-H is seen as the strongest contender: Include DVB-H in the EU's official list of standards
 - Market observation until 2008; If necessary mandating the use of DVB-H

■ Mobile TV Policy of the European Commission

2. Spectrum

- Member States are called upon to make UHF spectrum available as soon as possible
- UHF is considered as the most suitable band
- Opening of L-band as fallback solution

3. Favourable regulatory environment

- “Light touch” regulation
- Exchange of best practice
- Provide guidance for a coherent framework for mobile TV authorisation regimes

1. Standards/Interoperability

- A lot of different reasons may lead to an alternate or in some cases an additional choice of bearer technologies
- Giving special support or preference towards one technology should not prevent any other technology to be used or to compete
- Available multi-standards approaches promote interoperability and help overcoming the fragmentation at least at the bearer technology level
- We support the EC's commitment to closely monitor the situation within the EU in the time period 2007 to 2008.
- But: We do not consider the mandating of any mobile broadcast technology in Europe as necessary

2. Regulation

- “Light touch” regulation as well as infrastructure sharing and co-location are seen as a good proposition for future proven competitive services
- We do not believe there is a case for Commission intervention in the licensing of content

3. Spectrum

- Our spectrum position is broadly in line with what is described in the EC Communication
- **Additionally:** In a lot of situations, Mobile TV may be implemented before UHF spectrum will be freed by digital switch-over. Examples show that UHF spectrum can be provided today without cancelling any existing service allowing mobile TV in multi-city networks.

■ Key success factors

- Open end-to-end standard systems (worldwide!!)
 - Repeat the success of GSM
- Good reception characteristics
 - Indoor coverage
- Attractive content
 - Brands
 - Later also made for mobile content
- Interactivity for successful business models
- Choice of terminals

bmcoforum works to make them a reality!

Contact

Broadcast_Mobile_Convergence Forum **(bmcoforum)**

Prof. Dr. Claus Sattler

Attilastr. 61-67

D-12105 Berlin

Fon +49_30_255 680 -10

Fax +49_30_255 680 -99

claus.sattler@bmcoforum.org